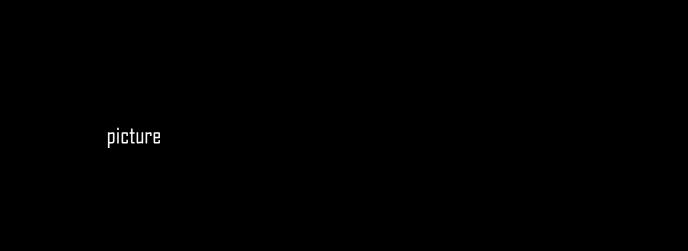


The





# The

# big

# picture

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# Today's theme - the big picture.....

....and the dangers of skipping to the detail.





Zoom by Istvan Banyai (1998)



## The big picture - children









2040s

Adulthood

What do they need to live in today's world?

Answer centres on Key Competencies, knowledge, concepts, skills, values and dispositions.....

2024-2040

Childhood





# The big picture - children







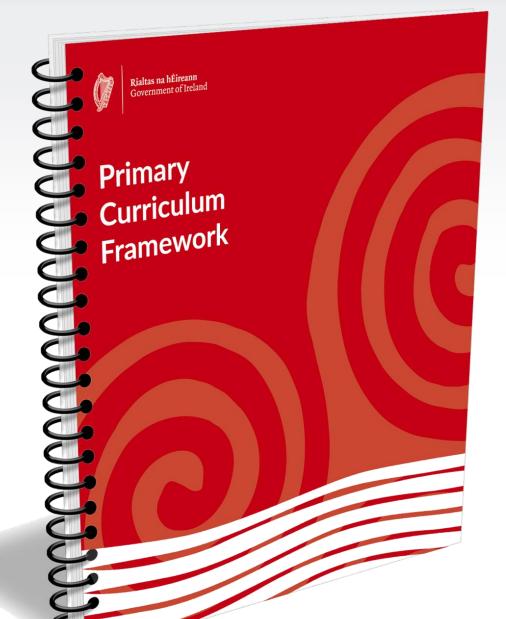








### The big picture - curriculum

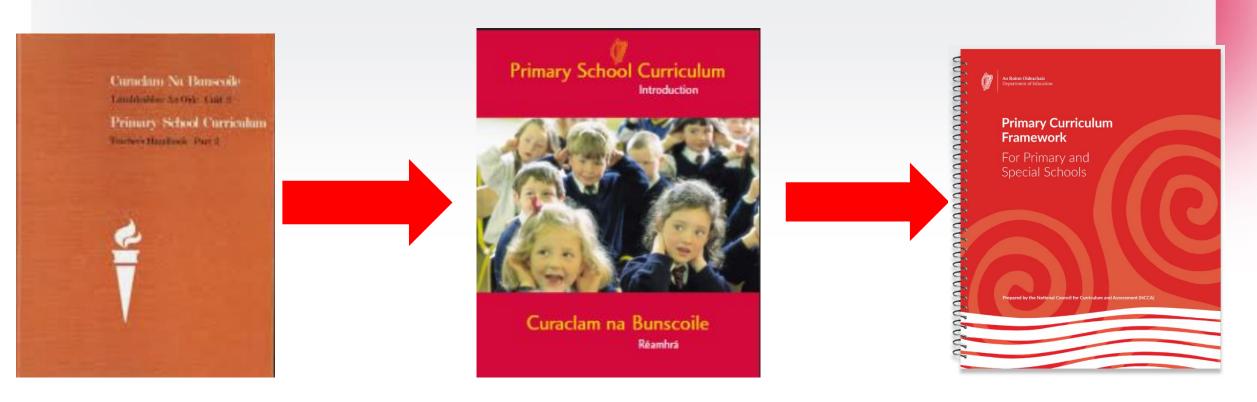


The Primary Curriculum Framework reflects our shared understanding of, and **trust in**, the many positive features of education in our primary and special schools. (p. 4)





## The big picture is about where we've come from...



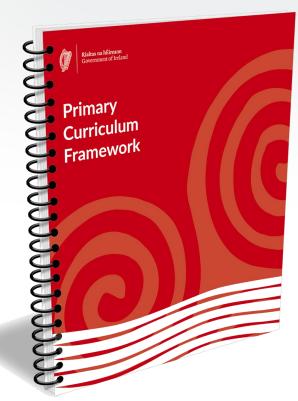


Building on the successes of the Primary School Curriculum while responding to challenges, changing needs and priorities



....and where we're going to - Vision

Two images are central to the vision:

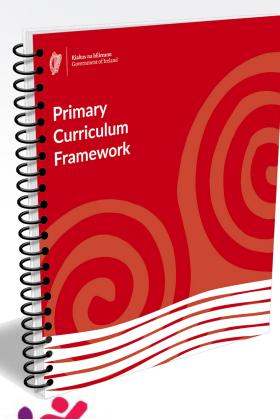


The curriculum views <u>children</u> as *unique*, **competent** and **caring** individuals, and <u>teached</u> as **committed**, **skilful** and **agentic** professionals.





## Principles for learning, teaching and assessment

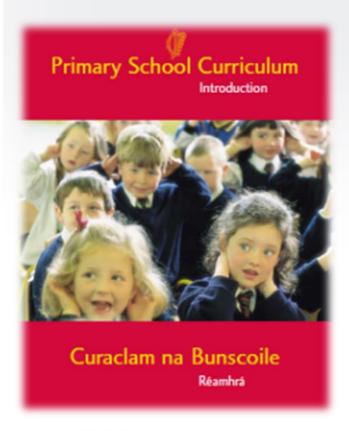


The principles convey what is **valued** in primary and special education and what lies at the heart of high-quality learning, teaching, and assessment in the primary curriculum. (p. 6)





### Principles for learning, teaching and assessment



How many?

12? 8? 5? 15?

What are they?



### The principles of the curriculum

The 1971 curriculum was based on a philosophy of education that incorporated the following five principles:

- · the full and harmonious development of the child
- · the importance of making due allowance for individual difference
- · the importance of activity and discovery methods
- · the integrated nature of the curriculum
- the importance of environment-based learning.

The Review Body on the Primary Curriculum endorsed these principles and recommended that any future curriculum development should reflect them. The *Primary School Curriculum* affirms the view of the child and the learning process implicit in these principles and develops them. The principles of the full and harmonious development of the child and of making allowance for individual difference are redefined in the broader concepts of

- celebrating the uniqueness of the child
- · ensuring the development of the child's full potential.

The three pedagogical principles dealing with activity and discovery methods, an integrated curriculum and environment-based learning are subsumed into a wider range of learning principles that help to characterise more fully the learning process that the revised curriculum envisages. The more important of these are:

- the child's sense of wonder and natural curiosity is a primary motivating factor in learning
- the child is an active agent in his or her learning
- learning is developmental in nature
- the child's existing knowledge and experience form the base for learning
- the child's immediate environment provides the context for learning
- · learning should involve guided activity and discovery methods
- language is central in the learning process
- · the child should perceive the aesthetic dimension in learning
- social and emotional dimensions are important factors in learning



# Principles for learning, teaching and assessment







### **PARTNERSHIPS**

Partnerships and collaboration between schools, families, and communities enrich and extend children's learning by acknowledging and supporting their lives in and out of school.

### LEARNING ENVIRONMENTS

Children's learning is shaped and nurtured by the physical environment, indoors and outdoors. These diverse environments encourage children's independence, and stimulate and support their learning across the curriculum.

**PRINCIPLES OF** 

LEARNING.

**TEACHING, AND** 

**ASSESSMENT** 

### INCLUSIVE EDUCATION & DIVERSITY

Inclusive education provides for equity of opportunity and participation in children's learning. Inclusive education celebrates diversity and responds to the uniqueness of every child.

### PEDAGOGY

Teachers use appropriate and evidence-based pedagogical approaches and strategies to foster children's engagement, ownership, and challenge. Such pedagogical approaches and strategies connect with children's life experience, circumstances, strengths, and interests.

### ENGAGEMENT & PARTICIPATION

Children are active and demonstrate agency as the capacity to act independently and to make choices about and in their learning. Curriculum experiences provide them with opportunities for decision-making, creativity, and collaboration.

### RELATIONSHIPS

Caring relationships within the school community support and impact positively on children's engagement, motivation, and learning.

### TRANSITIONS & CONTINUITY

Children's prior learning, self-worth, and identity are built upon as they move from home to preschool and on to junior infants, and as they progress through primary school. This provides important foundations for learning as they move to post-primary school.

### ASSESSMENT & PROGRESSION

Meaningful assessment is collaborative and integral to high-quality learning and teaching. Involving children, teachers, parents, and others, it provides information which enhances teaching and informs and supports progression in children's learning across the curriculum.

# A Two-page Spread





Figure 1: Principles of learning, teaching, and assessment



# PRINCIPLES OF LEARNING, TEACHING, AND ASSESSMENT

# ENGAGEMENT & PARTICIPATION

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# A Two-page Spread





Figure 1: Principles of learning, teaching, and assessment



# The 7 Key Competencies



Figure 2: Key competencies

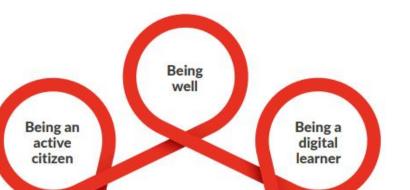
.....enable children to adapt to and deal with a range of situations, challenges, and contexts (p. 8)



# Key Competencies – example of Being well

### **STEM education**

- Developing a tolerance for risk-taking and mistake making; whilst collaborating with others and building perseverance.
- Strengthening a sense of belonging, identity, motivation and confidence as learners and problem-solvers.





# NCCA Topic for the control of the co

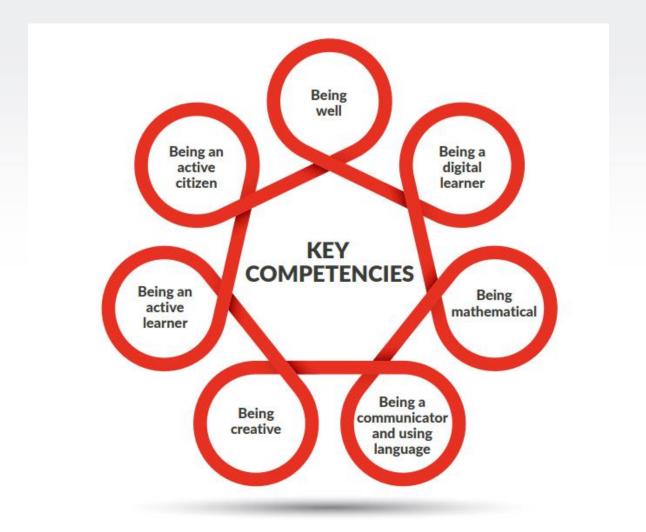




Figure 2: Key competencies



### Key messages

The Primary Curriculum Framework has been developed through a collaborative approach, informed by research, sustained work with school communities, wide consultation, and extensive deliberation.

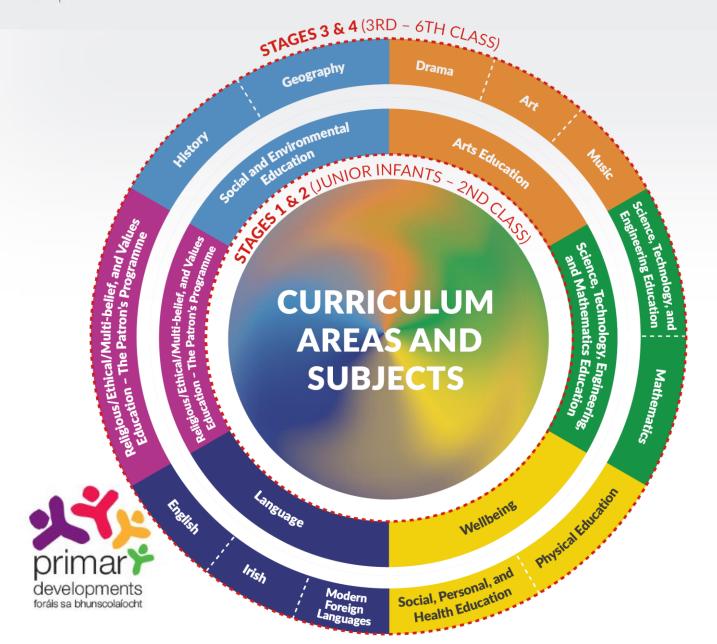
### The framework:

- is for all primary and special schools
- sets the vision and 8 principles for a redeveloped curriculum
- introduces 7 key competencies for children's learning
- details curriculum areas and subjects; and time allocations
- introduces and expands aspects of learning including STEM Education, Modern Foreign Languages,
   Technology, Religions, Beliefs and Worldviews, and a broader Arts Education
- holds increased emphasis on existing areas such as Physical Education and Social, Personal and Health Education (SPHE) (Wellbeing), and digital learning
- provides greater agency and flexibility for teachers and children
- links with learning experiences provided through the themes of Aistear: the Early Childhood
   Curriculum Framework and connects with the subjects, key skills and statements of learning in the
   Framework for Junior Cycle.





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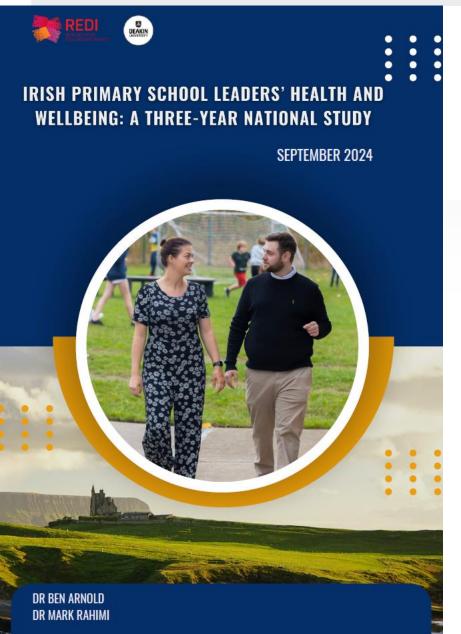


The Introduction of the redeveloped Primary School Curriculum





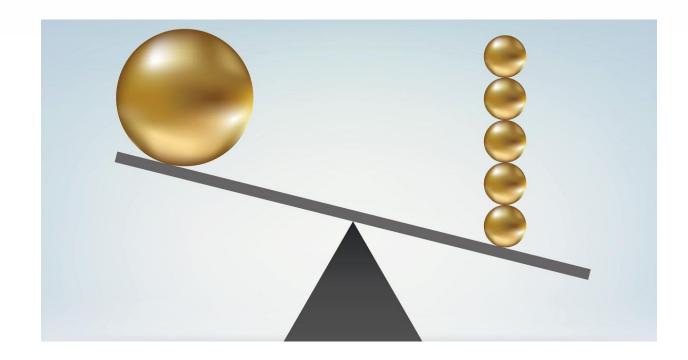
### The Big Picture - school leadership





### Roles and responsibilities

Over the years 2022 to 2024, the roles of primary school leaders in Ireland have been complex and demanding, with administrative tasks often overshadowing core activities like teaching and learning. This persistent imbalance has contributed to a sense of being overwhelmed among the school leaders.





# The Big Picture – the conducive conditions

Funding and resourcing

Professional Development

Time and Space

Leadership

Timing and Pacing



Collaboration,
Communities of Practice

**Guidance Materials** 

Communications



# The Big Picture – the conducive conditions





# The Big Picture - Where are we now?



Primary Language Curriculum/Curaclam Teanga na Bunscoile 5 Primary Curriculum Specifications



Online/inperson workshops

Online hubs/Toolkits

School closures

Seminars

School support visits

Whole school seminars

2019

2023

2025/26

2026 **-** 2031

Primary Curriculum Framework Primary Mathematics Curriculum





### Supporting implementation:

- -supporting for school leadership
- -working with and across curriculum areas (Key
- competencies and pedagogy)
- -supporting curriculum areas
- -supporting disciplinary knowledge

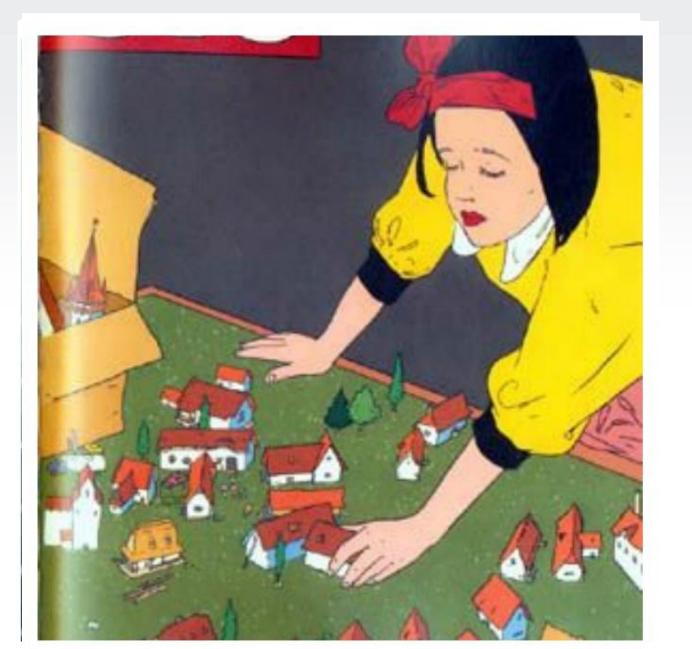






# Today's theme - the big picture.....

....and the dangers of skipping to the detail.





Zoom by Istvan Banyai (1998)



# The big picture - children

If we teach today's students as we taught yesterday's, we rob them of tomorrow.

John Dewey (1916)







Thank you!

patrick.sullivan@ncca.ie